SAFETY DATA SHEET



1. Identification

Product identifier

Fiberglass Resin

Other means of identification

Product Code

765-1286

Recommended use

Not available.

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Manufacturer/Distributor

Company name

Balkamp, Inc.

Address

2601 South Holt Road Indianapolis, Indiana 46241

United States

Telephone

Information

1-800-468-6832

E-mail

msds@balkamp.com Stephanie Pruitt

Contact person **Emergency phone number**

Emergency

1-317-244-7241

Category 3

Category 4

Category 4

Category 4

Category 2

Category 2A

Category 2

Category 2

Category 2

Category 1

Category 2

Category 2

Category 3 respiratory tract irritation

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards Health hazards

Flammable liquids Acute toxicity, oral

Acute toxicity, dermal Acute toxicity, inhalation Skin corrosion/irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Germ cell mutagenicity Carcinogenicity

Reproductive toxicity (the unborn child) Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure

Specific target organ toxicity, repeated exposure

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute

hazard

Hazardous to the aquatic environment,

long-term hazard

Label elements

Environmental hazards

OSHA defined hazards

Not classified.



Signal word

Danger

Hazard statement

Flammable liquid and vapor, Harmful if swallowed. Harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. Suspected of causing genetic defects. Suspected of causing cancer. Suspected of damaging the unborn child. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Toxic to aquatic life. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Material name: Fiberglass Resin 765-1286 Version #: 01 Issue date: 01-15-2016

Precautionary statement

Prevention

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment, Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Response

If swallowed: Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth. If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish. Collect spillage.

Storage

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Store locked up.

Disposal

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Static accumulating flammable liquid can become electrostatically charged even in bonded and grounded equipment. Sparks may ignite liquid and vapor. May cause flash fire or explosion.

Supplemental information

64.25% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute oral toxicity. 64.25% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity. 64.25% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute hazards to the aquatic environment. 64.25% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown long-term hazards to the aquatic environment.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	er %	
Styrene, monomer		100-42-5	30 to <40	
N,N-Dimethylaniline		121-69-7	0.1 to <1	
Other components below report	table levels		60 to <70	

^{*}Designates that a specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation

Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Oxygen or artificial respiration if needed. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

Skin contact

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Eye contact

Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Ingestion

Rinse mouth. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs. Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

Most important

symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Indication of immediate medical attention and special Headache. Dizziness. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. May cause respiratory irritation. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

treatment needed

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. Keep victim warm. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

General information

Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Water fog. Foam. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.

Material name: Fiberglass Resin

765-1286 Version #: 01 Issue date: 01-15-2016

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. This product is a poor conductor of electricity and can become electrostatically charged. If sufficient charge is accumulated, ignition of flammable mixtures can occur. To reduce potential for static discharge, use proper bonding and grounding procedures. This liquid may accumulate static electricity when filling properly grounded containers. Static electricity accumulation may be significantly increased by the presence of small quantities of water or other contaminants. Material will float and may ignite on surface of water. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

Fire fighting equipment/instructions Specific methods General fire hazards

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.

Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.

Flammable liquid and vapor.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank or other suitable container for recovery or safe disposal. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Prevent product from entering drains.

Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

Environmental precautions

Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS. Avoid release to the environment. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Material name: Fiberglass Resin

765-1286 Version #: 01 Issue date: 01-15-2016 3 / 11

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Minimize fire risks from flammable and combustible materials (including combustible dust and static accumulating liquids) or dangerous reactions with incompatible materials. Handling operations that can promote accumulation of static charges include but are not limited to: mixing, filtering, pumping at high flow rates, splash filling, creating mists or sprays, tank and container filling, tank cleaning, sampling, gauging, switch loading, vacuum truck operations. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Do not taste or swallow. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Pregnant or breastfeeding women must not handle this product. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

For additional information on equipment bonding and grounding, refer to the Canadian Electrical Code in Canada, (CSA C22.1), or the American Petroleum Institute (API) Recommended Practice 2003, "Protection Against Ignitions Arising out of Static, Lightning, and Stray Currents" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 77, "Recommended Practice on Static Electricity" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 70, "National Electrical Code".

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store locked up. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Eliminate sources of ignition. Avoid spark promoters. Ground/bond container and equipment. These alone may be insufficient to remove static electricity. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

Components	Туре	Value	
N,N-Dimethylaniline (CAS 121-69-7)	PEL	25 mg/m3	
		5 ppm	
US. OSHA Table Z-2 (29 CFR 1910).1000)		
Components	Туре	Value	
Styrene, monomer (CAS 100-42-5)	Ceiling	200 ppm	
•	TWA	100 ppm	
US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Value	s		
Components	Туре	Value	
N,N-Dimethylaniline (CAS 121-69-7)	STEL	10 ppm	
,	TWA	5 ppm	
Styrene, monomer (CAS 100-42-5)	STEL	40 ppm	
	TWA	20 ppm	
US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chen	nical Hazards		
Components	Туре	Value	
N,N-Dimethylaniline (CAS 121-69-7)	STEL	50 mg/m3	
		10 ppm	
	TWA	25 mg/m3	
		5 ppm	
Styrene, monomer (CAS 100-42-5)	STEL	425 mg/m3	
		100 ppm	
	TWA	215 mg/m3	

Value

50 ppm

Biological limit values

Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time	
Styrene, monomer (CAS 100-42-5)	400 mg/g	Mandelic acid plus phenylglyoxylic acid	Creatinine in urine	*	
	0.2 mg/l	Styrene	Venous blood	*	

^{* -} For sampling details, please see the source document.

Exposure guidelines

US - California OELs: Skin designation

N,N-Dimethylaniline (CAS 121-69-7) Can be absorbed through the skin. Styrene, monomer (CAS 100-42-5) Can be absorbed through the skin. US - Minnesota Haz Subs: Skin designation applies

Skin designation applies. Skin designation applies.

N,N-Dimethylaniline (CAS 121-69-7) Styrene, monomer (CAS 100-42-5)

US - Tennessee OELs: Skin designation N,N-Dimethylaniline (CAS 121-69-7)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values: Skin designation

N,N-Dimethylaniline (CAS 121-69-7)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

US NIOSH Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards: Skin designation

N₁N-Dimethylaniline (CAS 121-69-7)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

N,N-Dimethylaniline (CAS 121-69-7)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

Appropriate engineering controls

Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions, If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Eye wash facilities and emergency shower must be available when handling this product.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection

Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).

Skin protection

Hand protection

Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves. Suitable gloves can be recommended by the glove

supplier.

Other

Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing.

Respiratory protection

If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not

been established), an approved respirator must be worn.

Thermal hazards

Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

General hygiene considerations

Observe any medical surveillance requirements. When using do not smoke, Keep away from food and drink. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state Liquid. Form Liquid. Paste Color Not available. Odor Not available. Odor threshold Not available. Not available.

Material name: Fiberglass Resin

Melting point/freezing point

-23.8 °F (-31 °C) estimated Initial boiling point and boiling

range

293 °F (145 °C) estimated

Flash point

93.9 °F (34.4 °C) estimated

Evaporation rate

Not available.

Flammability (solid, gas)

Not applicable.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower

1.1 % estimated

(%)

Flammability limit - upper

6.1 % estimated

(%)

Explosive limit - lower (%)

Not available.

Explosive limit - upper (%)

Not available.

Vapor pressure

8.53 hPa estimated

Vapor density

Not available.

Relative density

Not available.

Solubility(ies)

Solubility (water)

Not available.

Partition coefficient

Not available.

(n-octanol/water)

Auto-ignition temperature

914 °F (490 °C) estimated

Decomposition temperature

Not available.

Viscosity

Not available.

Other information

Density

9.30 lbs/gal

Explosive properties

Not explosive.

Flammability class

Flammable IC estimated

Oxidizing properties

Not oxidizing.

Percent volatile

30.5 %

Specific gravity

1.11

VOC

30.5 %

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity

The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

Chemical stability

Material is stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Conditions to avoid

Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the

flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.

Incompatible materials

Strong acids. Aluminum. Peroxides.

Hazardous decomposition

No hazardous decomposition products are known.

products

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation

Harmful if inhaled. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure by

inhalation.

Skin contact

Harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation.

Eye contact

Causes serious eye irritation.

Ingestion

Harmful if swallowed.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics Headache, Dizziness, Severe eye irritation, Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. May cause respiratory irritation. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain.

Material name: Fiberglass Resin

765-1286 Version #: 01 Issue date: 01-15-2016

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity Harmful if inhaled. Harmful in contact with skin. Harmful if swallowed. May cause respiratory

irritation.

Components **Species Test Results**

N,N-Dimethylaniline (CAS 121-69-7)

Acute

Dermal

LD50 Rabbit

Rat

1770 mg/kg

Oral

LD50

1.41 ml/kg

Styrene, monomer (CAS 100-42-5)

Acute

Inhalation

LC50

Mouse

4940 ppm, 2 Hours

Rat

2770 ppm, 4 Hours 24 mg/l, 4 Hours

Oral

LD50

Mouse

316 mg/kg

Rat

1 g/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye

Causes serious eye irritation.

irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Respiratory sensitization

Not a respiratory sensitizer.

Skin sensitization

This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Suspected of causing genetic defects.

Carcinogenicity

Suspected of causing cancer.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

N,N-Dimethylaniline (CAS 121-69-7)

3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

Styrene, monomer (CAS 100-42-5)

2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not regulated.

US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens

Styrene, monomer (CAS 100-42-5)

Reasonably Anticipated to be a Human Carcinogen.

Reproductive toxicity

Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Specific target organ toxicity -

single exposure

May cause respiratory irritation.

Specific target organ toxicity -

repeated exposure

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard

Not an aspiration hazard.

Chronic effects

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged inhalation may be

harmful. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Components **Species Test Results** N.N-Dimethylaniline (CAS 121-69-7) Aquatic EC50 1.7 - 3.1 mg/l, 48 hours Crustacea Water flea (Daphnia magna) Fish LC50 Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) 52.6 mg/l, 96 hours

Material name: Fiberglass Resin

7/11765-1286 Version #: 01 Issue date: 01-15-2016

^{*} Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Components **Species Test Results**

Styrene, monomer (CAS 100-42-5)

Aquatic

Crustacea

EC50 Water flea (Daphnia magna) 3.3 - 7.4 mg/l, 48 hours

Fish

LC50

Sheepshead minnow (Cyprinodon

5.1 - 16 mg/l, 96 hours

variegatus)

* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Persistence and degradability

No data is available on the degradability of this product.

Bioaccumulative potential

Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

N,N-Dimethylaniline

2.31 2.95

Styrene, monomer

No data available.

Other adverse effects

Mobility in soil

No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Do not allow

this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches

with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with

local/regional/national/international regulations.

Local disposal regulations

Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Hazardous waste code

The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste

disposal company.

Waste from residues / unused

products

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some

product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see:

Disposal instructions).

Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is Contaminated packaging

emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or

disposal.

14. Transport information

DOT

UN number

UN1866

UN proper shipping name

Resin Solution

Transport hazard class(es)

Class

3

Subsidiary risk

Label(s)

3

Packing group

Ш

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling. B1, B52, IB3, T4, TP1, TP29

Special provisions Packaging exceptions

150

Packaging non bulk

203

Packaging bulk

242

IATA

UN number

UN1866

UN proper shipping name Transport hazard class(es) Resin Solution

Class

3

Subsidiary risk

Packing group

Ш

Environmental hazards ERG Code

Nα 3L

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Other information

Passenger and cargo

aircraft

Allowed with restrictions.

Cargo aircraft only

Allowed with restrictions.

IMDG

UN number

UN1866

UN proper shipping name

Resin Solution

Transport hazard class(es)

3

Subsidiary risk

Packing group

Class

111

Environmental hazards

No.

Marine pollutant **EmS**

F-E, S-E

Transport in bulk according to

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and

Not established.

the IBC Code

DOT



IATA; IMDG



15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations

This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication

Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

N,N-Dimethylaniline (CAS 121-69-7) Styrene, monomer (CAS 100-42-5)

Listed.

Listed.

SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not regulated.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories

Immediate Hazard - Yes Delayed Hazard - Yes Fire Hazard - Yes Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

Material name: Fiberglass Resin

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Chemical name	CAS number	% by wt.
Styrene, monomer	100-42-5	30 to <40
N,N-Dimethylaniline	121-69-7	0.1 to <1

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

N,N-Dimethylaniline (CAS 121-69-7) Styrene, monomer (CAS 100-42-5)

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act

Not regulated.

(SDWA)

FEMA Priority Substances Respiratory Health and Safety in the Flavor Manufacturing Workplace

Styrene, monomer (CAS 100-42-5)

Other Flavoring Substances with OSHA PEL's

US state regulations

US. California Controlled Substances. CA Department of Justice (California Health and Safety Code Section 11100)

Not listed

US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd.

(a))

Styrene, monomer (CAS 100-42-5)

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

N,N-Dimethylaniline (CAS 121-69-7) Styrene, monomer (CAS 100-42-5)

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

N,N-Dimethylaniline (CAS 121-69-7)

Styrene, monomer (CAS 100-42-5)

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

N,N-Dimethylaniline (CAS 121-69-7) Styrene, monomer (CAS 100-42-5)

US. Rhode Island RTK

N,N-Dimethylaniline (CAS 121-69-7) Styrene, monomer (CAS 100-42-5)

US. California Proposition 65

California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65): This material is not known to contain any chemicals currently listed as carcinogens or reproductive toxins.

International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	Yes
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	Yes
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	Yes
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	Yes
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	Yes
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

^{*}A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s) A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

ssue date	01-15-2016
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Material name: Fiberglass Resin
765-1286 Version #: 01 Issue date: 01-15-2016

Version #

01

HMIS® ratings

Health: 2*

Flammability: 3 Physical hazard: 0

NFPA ratings

Disclaimer

Health: 2 Flammability: 3

Instability: 0

The information in the sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently available. THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS BASED ON DATA BELIEVED TO BE RELIABLE AND THE MANUFACTURER DISCLAIMS ANY LIABILITY INCURRED FROM THE USE OR RELIANCE UPON THE SAME. THE INFORMATION GIVEN IS DESIGNED ONLY AS A GUIDANCE FOR SAFE HANDLING, USE, PROCESSING, STORAGE, TRANSPORTATION, DISPOSAL AND RELEASE AND IS NOT TO BE CONSIDERED A WARRANTY OR QUALITY SPECIFICATION. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. This safety information is not a license to use this material as claimed by any patents of third parties. The user alone must finally determine whether a contemplated use of this

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